

Mobile Edge Network for Wireless 5G

Fang-Chu Chen / ITRI March 2016



Keep Local Traffic in Local i.e. at the edge of the network with **Direct Communications when possible** and still in the control of the Networks



Rationale for Mobile Edge Network

- A lot of traffic occur in local areas
 - Shopping malls, sport stadium, mobile edge computing, enterprise applications, moving vehicles, vehicular communications, IoT
- Keep the traffic in a confined areas will
 - Offload the traffic from the core, therefore increase the total system capacity
- Direct communications
 - Offload most of the traffic between communicating devices and equipment
 - The best way to achieve low latency
- Network controlled and assisted
 - To reduce interference
 - To increase the efficiency of resource usage



Key Challenge

 Traffic being kept local and between communications nodes, but still monitored and controlled by the networks



Mobile Edge Network





Network Assisted Direct Communications

- Operators not involved
- Unlicensed bands
- Short range (<100m)
- Interference
- connected devices (<100)
- Slow device discovery (>10s)
- Low reliability



Stand-alone and Self-organizing

WLAN D2D

(E.g. WiFi Direct, Bluetooth, NFC)



WAN + WLAN D2D

(E.g. LTE + WiFi Direct)

WAN D2D

(E.g. 3GPP LTE D2D)



Direct Communications Relay Based ME Network Application Scenario



工業技術研究院 Industrial Technology NetWork Assisted Direct Communications Offloading







• The transport network of the edge network can leverage the 5G-Crosshaul technologies





Please note that:

- Suitable extent of harmonization and integration to be researched in METIS-II
- METIS-II takes orientation in 3GPP protocol names, but does not exclude changes
- Key research in METIS-II is to see how Network Slicing is reflected in RAN design



ITRI ExpoGlobal Mall Test Bed

- 1. Complete Experimental Trail-Field of ProSe Offload Service in Hsinchu Taiwan Pavilion ExpoGlobal Mall. The contractor of Global Mall signs the MOU •
- 2. Finish deploying in July FY104, and Finish the first deploying and test of D2D/Multicast Offloading App Service in September FY 104
- 3. Deploying LTE Small Cells will be completed in October in FY104, so it is convenient to offer and transmit the offloading-controlling signal by LTE Network to UE \$\lambda\$ for testing of offloading capability of D2D/Multicast.





Deploying Sites of 2F







ITRI Direct Communications Based Edge Network - in Shopping mall

D2D/Multicast Offloading Release : FY104 IP Level (3GPP ANSDF Specification); 2. FY105 EPC level



業技術研究院 **ITRI's Current LTE HSR project** Industrial Technology - LTE HSR Test Field





Field Test Bed : 30Km 12Km В HSR HSR HSR HSR Hsinchu Yangmei Hsinchu Taoyuan Station Station Station Station

Deployment:

Time: 2014/01/01~2014/12/31 **Technology: LTE** Number of eNB: 4 (10) (Based on WiMAX Deployment) Number of EPC: 1 Number of RoF pair: 10 (16) Backbone & RoF's Fibers : 96C

Research Institute



HSR Test Bed - On Board Edge Network

- Road Side backhaul
 - Roadside base stations provide wireless backhaul connectivity
- On-board Edge Network
 - small Cell + direct communications backhaul





